## The Esperanto Primer v2.0

Brought to you by James O'Neill:	www.ArionsHome.com/ www.ArionsHome.com/about
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I performed a lot of clean-up and some corrections on this primer from v1.0 and added some more content, which has this growing from 2 pages to 4 pages including this cover page, so only really 1 additional page of content.

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# **Esperanto's Alphabet**

The 28 letter alphabet is sounded out just like English letters with a few new letters that, for me, seem very Czech or Russian in nature. The letters make the same sound each and every time you say them:

**Letters:** a b c [ts] ĉ [ch] d e f g ĝ [j] h ĥ [hard h] i j [y] ĵ [zh] k l m n o p r [rr] s ŝ [sh] t u ŭ [w] v z

Not present in or different from English	Esperanto Letter	Sound	English Examples	Esperanto Noun Examples	English Translation
	a	ah	Arc	amiko	friend
	b	bah	<b>B</b> arber	birdo	bird
*	c	ts	ba <b>ts</b>	cimo	bug
*	ĉ	ch	<b>ch</b> ocolate	ĉapo	cap
	d	de	<b>d</b> og	dezerto	desert (as in a tasty desert)
	e	eh	echo	edzo	husband
	f	fa	<b>f</b> ast	filo	son
	g	ga	garden	glaso	glass (for drinking)
*	ĝ	ja	<b>j</b> ello	ĝino	gin (alcoholic drink)
	h	ha	<b>h</b> ad	heĝo	hedge
*	ĥ	h (hard h)	Bac <b>h</b>	ĥoro	choir
	i	ee	thr <b>ee</b>	ideo	idea
	j	у	yes	jako	jacket
*	ĵ	zh	pleasure	ĵurnalo	newspaper
	k	ka	<b>c</b> at	kato	cat
	1	la	lake	lupo	wolf
	m	ma	<b>m</b> arket	muso	mouse
	n	ne	November	nubo	cloud
	О	oh	glory	onklo	uncle
	p	pa	<b>p</b> astry	patro	father
*	r	rr (rolled like Russian or Spanish)	(no English equivalent)	rano	frog
	S	se	sent	sekretario	secretary
*	ŝ	sh	<b>sh</b> ambles	ŝinko	ham
	t	te	<b>t</b> ravel	tigro	tiger
	u	00	too	urso	bear
*	ŭ	wuh	want	ŭato	watt
	v	va	van	viro	man
	z	zeh	<b>z</b> ebra	zebro	Zebra

## **Vowel Combinations**

There are a few vowel combinations with the letter  ${\bf j}$  that need to be specifically addressed.

• aj – [ai] as in **eye** 

• ej – [ay] as in day

• oj – [oy] as in b**oy** 

• uj – [yoo] as in hallel**u**jah

There are a few combinations with the letter the  $\Breve{\textbf{u}}$  that should be addressed

• aŭ – [aow] as in Paolo, tao, or cow.

eŭ – [euw] as in **Eu**rope or n**eu**ral

# **Basic Esperanto Word Formations**

**Nouns** - base nouns end in 'o'; noun modification such as pluralization is done via suffixes

Base Nouns - 'o': hundo - dog
 Plural Noun - 'j': hundoj - dogs
 Sentence Objects - 'n': hundon - dog
 Plural Sentence Objects - 'ojn': hundojn - dogs which is a combo of the previous two suffixes

Smaller Noun - 'et': hundeto – small dog
 Larger Noun - 'eg': hundego – large dog

Gender and Nouns - base words that have an explicit gender as a part of their definition such as for the words: father/mother or aunt/uncle, the base word is in the male/neuter form such as the base parent/father – patro, or uncle - onklo. To make a base word female you add the 'in' suffix. Mother would be patrino or aunt would be onklino. The neuter/male case is determined by context. This suffix can also be applied to other nouns whose base us assumed to be of the neuter gender. Example: hundo – hundino - female dog

**Pronouns** - pronouns are very short and end in 'i':

- mi I
- vi you
- li he
- ŝi she
- ĝi it
- ni we
- ili they
- oni indefinite pronoun no gender, personhood, or numbers assumed

**Adjectives** - base adjectives end with 'a'.

- bela beautiful, handsome
- nova new
- · verda green
- granda big/large
- sana healthy

### **Adjective Modifiers**

- **Opposite:** by adding 'mal' to the beginning creates the opposite: malbela ugly
- **Magnify Description** one level by adding 'pli': pli bela very beautiful
- **Greatly Magnify** by adding 'plej' plej bela most (very, very) beautiful (or gorgeous)

**Verbs** – base verbs end in 'I'; verb tensing is done via adding a suffix

Base Verbs - 'i': doni - to give
Future Tense - 'os': donos - will give
Present Tense - 'as': donas - give
Past Tense - 'is': donis - gave
Conditional Tense - 'us': donus - would give

• Command Tense - 'u': donu - Give!

Intransitive verbs:

- estos 'will' (future)
- estas am/is/are (present)
- estis was/were (past)

Adverbs - base adverbs end in 'e'

- amike 'in a friendly manner'
- rapide quickly
- silente silently
- malafable roughly
- subite suddenly

#### **Tool Words**

- **Definite Article -** 'la' the
- Conjunction 'kaj' [kai] and
- **Negative** by adding 'ne' prior to the word ne bela not beautiful.
- Comparison 'ol': this is bigger 'than' that

**Accent** - on second to last vowel

- Saluton! sa **lu** ton (greetings)
- Letero le **te** ro (a letter from envelope)
- Familio fami **li** o (family)
- Knabino kna **bin** o girl

### **Handy Conversational Words of Phrases**

- Hello Saluton!
- Good bye Adiaŭ or Ĝis Revido or just Ĝis
- Yes Jes
- No − Ne
- How are you? Kiel vi fartas?
- My name is... Mia nomo estas ...

## **Esperanto Sentences and Vocabulary**

### **Basic Sentence Typology (Sentence Word Order)**

Esperanto follows the basic Subject-Verb-Object (SVO) word order like English does. Due to the way the language is put together you may use different sentence typologies (VSO, OVS, etc...) and still be understood.

Language	Subject	Verb	Object
Esperanto (future)	La knabo	manĝos	la sandviĉon.
English	The boy	will eat	the sandwich.
Esperanto (present)	La knabo	manĝas	la sandviĉon.
English	The boy	is eating	the sandwich.
Esperanto (past)	La knabo	manĝis	la sandviĉon.
English	The boy	ate	the sandwich.
Esperanto (conjunction)	La knabo kaj viro	manĝas	la sandviĉon.
English	The boy and man	are eating	the sandwich.
Esperanto (noun adjectives)	La bela knabino	manĝas	la grandan sandviĉon.
English	The beautiful girl	is eating	the big sandwich.
Language	Subject	Verb	Object

### **Words For Your Esperanto Vocabulary**

**Nouns** are present on the alphabet table in the second page of this Esperanto Primer.

Base Verbs		Numbers	Numbers		Other Words and Phrases	
to bake to eat to go (to) to learn to like	baki manĝi veturi Ierni sati	0 1 2 3 4 5	nul unu du tri kvar kvin	Adjectives good bad easy difficult Noun	bona malbona facila malfacila	
to love to pick up (an object) to play	ami kolekti ludi	6 7 8 9	ses sep ok naµ dek	auto city day house Time	car urbo tago domo	
(with something) to see to understand to walk to want to work	vidi kompreni marŝi voli labori	11 12 21 100 321 1000	dek unu dek du dudek unu cent tricent dudek unu mil	today yesterday tomorrow morning afternoon evening	hodiaŭ hieraŭ morgaŭ mateno posttagmezo vespero	